

$$4x^2 - y^2 + 4x + 4y = 0$$

$$\frac{(X - x_0)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(Y - y_0)^2}{b^2} = 1 \quad \vec{r}(x_0, y_0)$$

$$4x^2 + 4x$$

$$-(y^2 - 4y)$$

$$(ax + b)^2$$

$$(2x + 1)^2 - 1$$

$$[(y - 2)^2 - 4]$$

$$\begin{cases} X = x + x_0 \\ Y = y + y_0 \\ x = X - x_0 \\ y = Y - y_0 \end{cases}$$

$$4x^2 + 4x$$

$$-(y^2 - 4y)$$

$$(ax + b)^2 = a^2x^2 + 2abx + b^2$$
$$4x^2 + 4x + k - k$$

$$a = 2$$

$$2ab = 4 \Rightarrow b = 1$$

$$k = b^2 \Rightarrow k = 1$$

$$4x^2 + 4x + 1 - 1 = (2x + 1)^2 - 1$$

$$-(y^2 - 4y + 4 - 4) = -[(y - 2)^2 - 4] = -(y - 2)^2 + 4$$

$$4x^2 - y^2 + 4x + 4y = 0$$

$$(2x+1)^2 - 1 - (y-2)^2 + 4 = 0$$

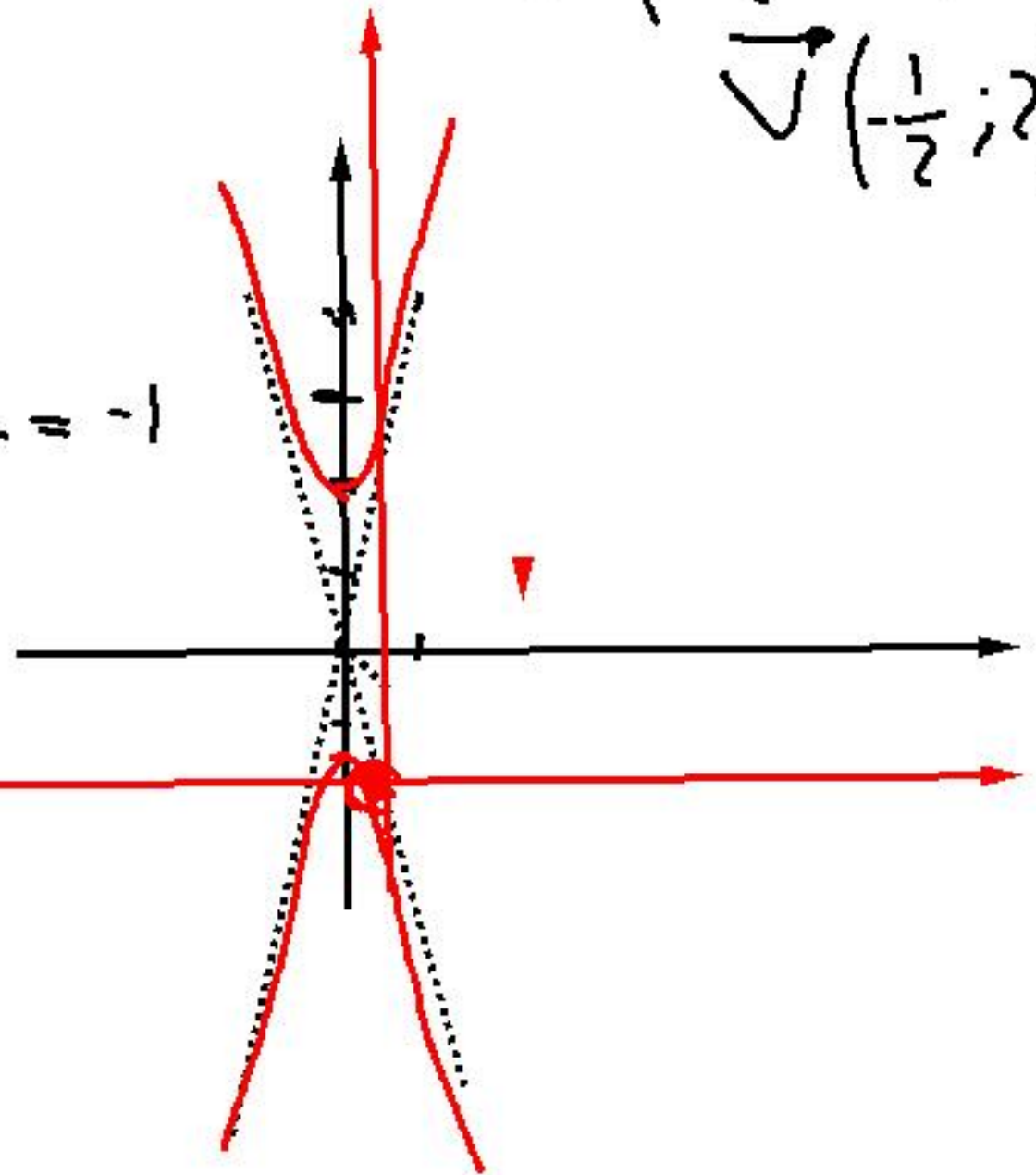
$$\frac{(x + \frac{1}{2})^2}{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{(y-2)^2}{3} = -1$$

$\frac{3x^2}{f} - \frac{3y^2}{g} = -1$

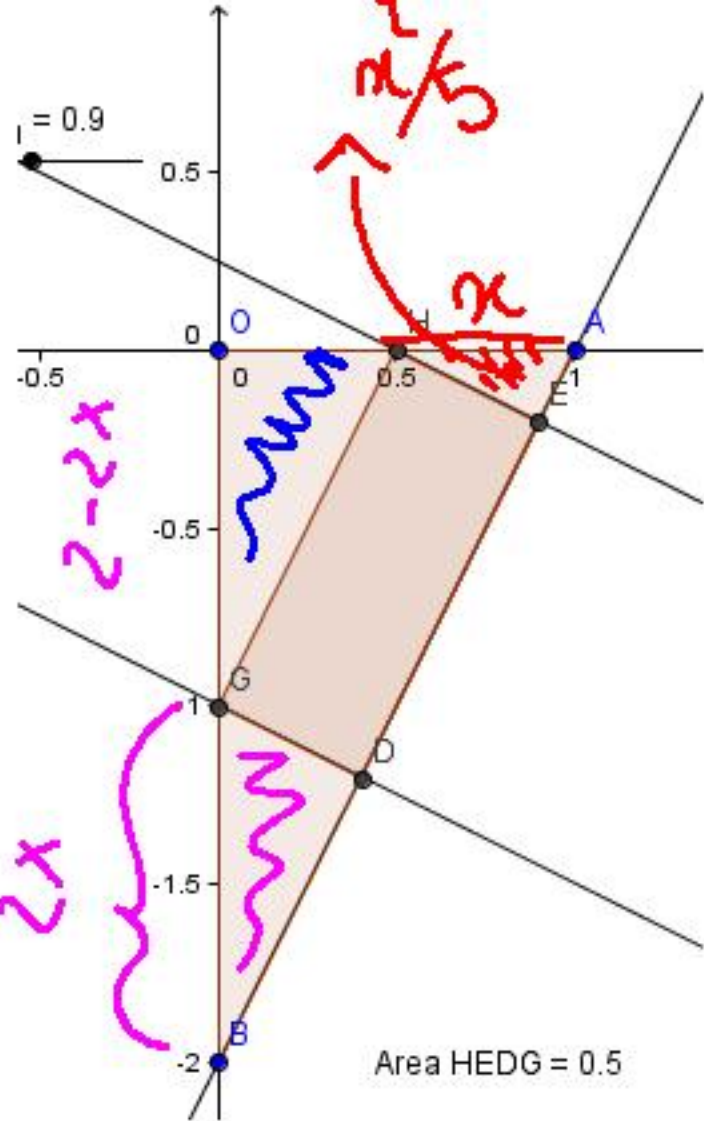
$$y = \pm 4x$$

$$\vec{v} \left(-\frac{1}{2}; 2 \right)$$

$$\vec{v} \left(-\frac{1}{2}; 2 \right)$$



$$ax^2 + by^2 + \cancel{cxy} + dx + ey + f = 0$$



$$\overline{HA} = \alpha$$

$$\overline{E} \equiv A \Rightarrow \alpha = 0 \quad A = 0$$

$$\overline{H} \equiv O \Rightarrow D \equiv \overline{C} \Rightarrow \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow A = 0$$

$$D = [0, 1]$$

$$A_{\text{AQB}} = 1$$

$$\overline{AC} = 1$$

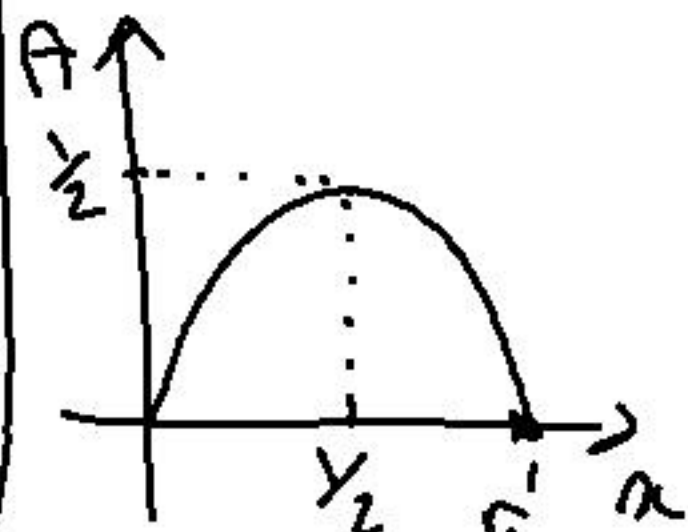
$$\overline{BC} = 2$$

$$\overline{AB} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$\overline{HA} = \alpha$$

$$\frac{\overline{HA}}{\overline{AB}} = \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\frac{A_{\text{HAE}}}{A_{\text{AQB}}} = \frac{\alpha^2}{5}$$



$$1) \quad A_{\text{HAE}} = \frac{\alpha^2}{5}$$

$$2) \quad \triangle OHG \quad \frac{\overline{OH}}{\overline{OA}} = \frac{1-\alpha}{1} \Rightarrow A_{\text{OHG}} = (1-\alpha)^2$$

$$3) \quad \triangle BDG \quad \frac{\overline{GB}}{\overline{AB}} = \frac{2\alpha}{\sqrt{5}} \Rightarrow A_{\text{BDG}} = \frac{4\alpha^2}{5}$$

$$A(\alpha) = A_{\text{AQB}} - A_1 - A_2 - A_3 =$$

$$= 1 - \frac{\alpha^2}{5} - (1-\alpha)^2 - \frac{4\alpha^2}{5} =$$

$$= -2\alpha^2 + 2\alpha$$

